

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors. The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

			June 30, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022
ASSETS	Note				
Current Assets					
Cash		\$	794,994	\$	244,671
Accounts receivable	5		1,453,176		2,843,125
Sales taxes recoverable			614,415		798,435
Inventory	6		2,956,223		2,227,032
Prepaid expenses			548,843		444,851
Net investment in sublease - current portion	9		123,973		116,533
Total Current Assets			6,491,624		6,674,647
Restricted cash	7		70,042		75,260
Property, plant and equipment	8		13,889,891		15,992,990
Right-of-use assets	9		418,266		129,368
Net investment in sublease	9		11,040		74,945
Total Assets		\$	20,880,863	\$	22,947,210
LIABILITIES AND DEFICIT					
Current Liabilities					
Term loans - current portion	10	\$	44,480,856	\$	47,728,524
Interest payable	10		72,564,114		71,512,554
Other loans payable - current portion	11		51,139,362		50,923,670
Accounts payable and accruals			16,159,498		16,549,931
Advance from customers			75,493		10,293
Due to related parties	12		16,481,540		15,937,777
Lease liabilities - current portion	13		213,506		152,269
Total Current Liabilities			201,114,369		202,815,018
Term loans	10		346,750		490,750
Other loans payable	11		1,295,324		-
Other long-term liabilities			62,414		124,826
Lease Liabilities	13		362,700		177,089
Total Long-Term Liabilities			2,067,188		792,665
Total Liabilities			203,181,557		203,607,683
DEFICIT					
Shareholders' Deficiency					
Share capital	14		200,544,544		200,544,544
Contributed surplus			34,018,883		34,018,883
Accumulated other comprehensive income			18,915,214		11,470,363
Accumulated deficit			(434,721,404)		(425,630,939)
Total Shareholders' Deficiency Attributable to Shareholde	rs of GLG		(181,242,763)		(179,597,149)
Non-controlling Interest	15		(1,057,931)		(1,063,324
Total Deficit			(182,300,694)		(180,660,473
Total Liabilities and Deficit		\$	20,880,863	\$	22,947,210
Going Concern (Note 3)					
See Accompanying Notes to the Condensed Interim Conso	lidated Financi	al Stater	nents		
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:					

 "Brian Palmieri"
 Director

 "Yingchun Liu"
 Director

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

For the Periods Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

			Three month	ns en	ded June 30	Six months e	nde	d June 30
	Note		2023		2022	2023		2022
REVENUE	19	\$	2,004,247	\$	2,770,945	\$ 3,561,055	\$	5,514,493
COST OF SALES	17		(1,354,652)		(1,886,690)	(2,518,021)		(3,829,885)
GROSS PROFIT		_	649,595		884,255	1,043,034		1,684,608
SELLING, GENERAL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	17	_	(1,020,036)		(1,031,449)	(2,052,253)		(2,114,505)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)								
Interest expense	10		(6,235,674)		(5,163,484)	(11,495,168)		(10,289,529)
Interest income			31		59	81		124
Inventory recovery	6		6,952		74,471	35,412		205,412
Foreign exchange gain			3,987,928		70,595	3,676,944		899,891
Other (expenses) income			(109,565)		(316,795)	(377,659)		(152,556)
Bad debt recovery			517		530	744		530
			(2,349,811)		(5,334,624)	(8,159,646)		(9,336,128)
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD			(2,720,252)		(5,481,818)	(9,168,865)		(9,766,025)
NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO								
Shareholders of GLG			(2,683,017)		(5,450,210)	(9,090,465)		(9,701,927)
Non-controlling interest			(37,235)		(31,608)	(78,400)		(64,098)
Net Loss for the period		\$	(2,720,252)	\$	(5,481,818)	\$ (9,168,865)	\$	(9,766,025)
Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or lo	oss							
Foreign currency translation adjustment			7,550,758		1,758,349	7,528,644		2,739,287
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		\$	4,830,506	\$	(3,723,469)	\$ (1,640,221)	\$	(7,026,738)
Total other comprehensive income attributable to:								
Shareholders of GLG			7,463,114		1,737,183	7,444,851		2,707,379
Non-controlling			87,644		21,166	83,793		31,908
		\$	7,550,758	\$	1,758,349	\$ 7,528,644	\$	2,739,287
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD ATTR	IBUTABLE	TO:						
Shareholders of GLG			4,780,097		(3,713,027)	(1,645,614)		(6,994,548)
Non-controlling interest			50,409		(10,442)	5,393		(32,190)
		\$	4,830,506	\$	(3,723,469)	\$ (1,640,221)	\$	(7,026,738)
LOSS PER SHARE								
Basic and diluted	18	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.14)	\$ (0.24)	\$	(0.25)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstand	ding							
Basic and diluted			38,394,223		38,394,223	38,394,223		38,394,223

See Accompanying Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency

As at June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Common Shares	Number of Restricted Shares		Share Capital		Contributed Surplus		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit	Total GLG Shareholders' Deficiency	Non-controlling Interest	Total Deficit
Balance, January 1, 2022	38,394,223	-	\$	200,544,544	\$	34,018,883	\$	10,867,763	\$ (392,579,670) \$	(147,148,480) \$	(815,529) \$	(147,964,009)
Change in foreign currency translation	-	-		-		-		2,707,379	-	2,707,379	31,908	2,739,287
Net income	-	-		-		-		-	(9,701,927)	(9,701,927)	(64,098)	(9,766,025)
Balance as at June 30, 2022	38,394,223	-	\$	200,544,544	\$	34,018,883	\$	13,575,142	\$ (402,281,597) \$	(154,143,028) \$	(847,719) \$	(154,990,747)
Balance, July 1, 2022	38,394,223	-	\$	200,544,544	-	34,018,883	\$	13,575,142	\$ (402,281,597) \$	(154,143,028) \$	(847,719) \$	(154,990,747)
Change in foreign currency translation	-	-		-		-		(2,104,779)	-	(2,104,779)	(21,994)	(2,126,773)
Net income	-	-		-		-		-	(23,349,342)	(23,349,342)	(193,611)	(23,542,953)
Balance as at December 31, 2022	38,394,223	-	\$	200,544,544	\$	34,018,883	\$	11,470,363	\$ (425,630,939) \$	(179,597,149) \$	(1,063,324) \$	(180,660,473)
Balance, January 1, 2023	38,394,223	-	\$	200,544,544	\$	34,018,883	\$	11,470,363	\$ (425,630,939) \$	(179,597,149) \$	(1,063,324) \$	(180,660,473)
Change in foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-		-	-	7,444,851	-	7,444,851	83,793	7,528,644
Net loss	-	-		-		-		-	(9,090,465)	(9,090,465)	(78,400)	(9,168,865)
Balance as at June 30, 2023	38,394,223	-	\$	200,544,544	\$	34,018,883	\$	18,915,214	\$ (434,721,404) \$	(181,242,763) \$	(1,057,931) \$	(182,300,694)

See Accompanying Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Three month	s er	nded June 30	Six months	end	ed June 30
	Note	2023		2022	2023		2022
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Net Loss		\$ (2,683,017)	\$	(5,450,210) \$	(9,131,630)	\$	(9,867,821)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation of property, plant and	8&9	332,983		354,946	683,949		728,831
equipment and right-of-use assets	000	552,565		00 1,0 10	000,010		, 20,001
Loss on disposal of property, plant and		-		61,104	-		61,104
equipment and right-of-use assets	-	()		-			,
Inventory provision (recovery)	6	(6,952)		(74,471)	(35,412)		(205,412)
Bad debt provision (recovery)		(471)		-	(698)		-
Interest expense on lease liabilities, net		18,395		13,636	37,758		28,979
of finance income from sublease Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)		(606,258)		341,860	(626,106)		(246,859)
Changes in non-cash working capital items	16	6,771,506		4,824,225	12,720,370		10,385,425
	10				12,720,370		
Net cash from operating activities		3,826,186		71,090	3,648,231		884,247
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-		38	(1,852)		(2,278)
Net cash used in investing activities		-		38	(1,852)		(2,278)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities							
Repayment of term loans	10	(1,946)		(38,620)	(1,946)		(78,520)
Issuance of long-term loans	11	137,578		-	1,295,324		-
Proceeds from other loans	11	743,430		-	743,430		-
Repayment of other loans	11	(374,238)		(73,181)	(1,336,720)		(376,421)
Net of repayment to related parties		-		7,997	-		-
Change of restricted cash		(31)		(63)	(79)		(114)
Repayment of lease liabilities, net of	13 & 18	(41,575)		80,267	(78,256)		20,087
proceeds from sublease	10 0 10				,		
Interest paid		(33,368)		(11,082)	(85,632)		(22,983)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		429,850		(34,682)	536,121		(457,951)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(4,118,460)		(370,044)	(3,632,177)		(422,694)
Net Change In Cash		137,576		(333,598)	550,323		1,324
Cash, beginning of the period		657,418		574,267	244,671		239,345
Cash, end of the period		\$ 794,994	\$	240,669 \$	794,994	\$	240,669

See Accompanying Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 15)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

GLG Life Tech Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated under the *Business Corporation Act* (British Columbia), Canada. The registered office of the Company is located at Suite 280, 13071 Vanier Place, Richmond, British Columbia V6V 2J1. The Company's shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "GLG".

The Company is an integrated producer of high-grade stevia and monk fruit extracts. The Company's business operates primarily through the manufacturing and sales of refined forms of stevia and monk fruit, and has operations in China and North America.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, which include information necessary or useful to understanding the Company's business and financial statement presentation. In particular, the Company's significant accounting policies, use of judgments and estimates were presented in notes 4, respectively, of those consolidated financial statements, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Basis of preparation and measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value. Additionally, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, except when otherwise indicated.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2023, were authorized for issue by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of Directors on August 9, 2023.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. GOING CONCERN

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS accounting policies, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they become due. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2023, the Company incurred a net loss attributed to the Company's shareholders of \$9,090,465 (2022 - \$9,701,927). As at June 30, 2023, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$434,721,404 (December 31, 2022 - \$425,630,939), a working capital deficiency of \$194,622,745 (December 31, 2022 - \$196,140,371) and cash inflow from operating activities of \$3,648,231 (2022 – cash outflow of \$884,247).

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include the adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

The Company's operating assets and main manufacturing operations originate in China; the Company is therefore subject to the considerations and risks of operating in China. These include risks associated with the political and economic environment, foreign currency exchange and the legal system in China. Changes in the political and economic policies of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") government may materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations and may result in the Company's inability to sustain growth and expansion. There is also no assurance that the Company will not be adversely affected by changes in other governmental policies or any unfavorable change in the political, economic or social conditions, laws or regulations, or the rate or method of taxation in China.

The PRC economy differs from the economies of most developed countries in many respects, including the extent of government involvement, the level of development, growth rate, control of foreign exchange and allocation of resources. Although the PRC government has implemented measures emphasizing the utilization of market forces for economic reform, the reduction of state ownership of productive assets, and the establishment of improved corporate governance in business enterprises, a substantial portion of productive assets in China are still owned by the government. In addition, the PRC government continues to play a significant role in regulating industry development by imposing industrial policies. The PRC government also exercises significant control over China's economic growth by allocating resources, controlling payment of foreign currency-denominated obligations, setting monetary policy, regulating financial services and institutions and providing preferential treatment to particular industries or companies.

While the PRC economy has experienced significant growth in the past three decades, growth has been uneven, both geographically and among various sectors of the economy. The PRC government has implemented various measures to encourage economic growth and guide the allocation of resources. Some of these measures may benefit the overall PRC economy, but may also have a negative effect on the Company. The financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected by government control over capital investments or changes in tax regulations that are applicable to the Company. In addition, the PRC government has in the past implemented certain measures, including interest rate increases, to control the pace of economic growth. These measures may cause decreased economic activity, which in turn could lead to a reduction in demand for the Company's products and consequently could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. GOING CONCERN, continued

There are also uncertainties regarding the interpretation and enforcement of PRC laws, rules and regulations. As noted above, most of the Company's operations are conducted in the PRC, and are governed by PRC laws, rules and regulations. The Company's PRC subsidiaries are subject to laws, rules and regulations applicable to foreign investment in China. The PRC legal system is a civil law system based on written statutes. Unlike the common law system, prior court decisions may be cited for reference but have limited precedential value. In 1979, the PRC government began to promulgate a comprehensive system of laws, rules and regulations governing economic matters in general. The overall effect of legislation over the past three decades has significantly enhanced the protections afforded to various forms of foreign investment in China. However, China has not developed a fully integrated legal system, and recently enacted laws, rules and regulations may not sufficiently cover all aspects of economic activities in China or may be subject to significant degrees of interpretation by PRC regulatory agencies. In particular, because these laws, rules and regulations are relatively new, and because of the limited number of published decisions and the nonbinding nature of such decisions, and because the laws, rules and regulations often give the relevant regulator significant discretion in how to enforce them, the interpretation and enforcement of these laws, rules and regulations involve uncertainties and can be inconsistent and unpredictable. In addition, the PRC legal system is based in part on government policies and internal rules, some of which are not published on a timely basis or at all, and which may be given retroactive effect. As a result, the Company may not be aware of a violation of these policies and rules until after the occurrence of the violation.

Furthermore, any administrative and court proceedings in China may be protracted, resulting in substantial costs and diversion of resources and management attention. Since the PRC administrative and court authorities have significant discretion in interpreting and implementing statutory and contractual terms, it may be more difficult to evaluate the outcome of administrative and court proceedings and the level of legal protection typically experienced in more developed legal systems. These uncertainties may impede the Company's ability to enforce the contracts it has entered into and could materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Regarding risk associated with financial instruments generally, as of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, substantially all bank loans were held by a state-owned capital management company ("SOCMC") and a Chinese bank. The Company has provided its SOCMC (including Cinda and Xinbao) and bank guarantees and collateral agreements which could enable the SOCMC to exercise its rights against the Company's assets, because the Company has not made its principal or interest payments to the SOCMC on time. Should the SOCMC exercise its rights, it could have a significant impact on the Company's ownership of its assets, and ultimately, its operations. The Company has provided collateral and guarantor agreements in multiple provinces in China, of which each is subject to local provincial rules.

There is the additional risk that the Company could be assessed additional interest, compensation for breach of a settlement agreement and penalties. During fiscal year 2021, the Company entered into a debt settlement agreement with the SOCMC for debt held by the Company's subsidiary, Qingdao Runde Biotechnology Company, Ltd. ("Runde"), and a late payment compensation has been assessed for breach of the settlement agreement (Note 10). To the best of the Company's knowledge, neither the SOCMC nor the bank have taken any action on the Company's pledged assets to date.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. GOING CONCERN, continued

The Company also relies heavily on related parties and private lenders for funding and continued operations of the Company. Should the related parties or private lenders not act in good faith, or decide to no longer fund the operations of the Company, there is a high risk that the operations of the Company could be significantly impacted adversely.

Finally, in the ordinary course of business, the Company is from time to time involved in legal proceedings and litigation. Presently, there are no legal proceedings and litigations that recently have had, or to the Company's knowledge, are reasonably possible to have, a material impact on the Company's financial positions, results of operations or cash flows. The Company did not accrue any loss contingencies in this respect as of June 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, as the Company did not consider an unfavorable outcome in any material respects in these legal proceedings and litigations to be probable.

The above matters indicate the existence of a material uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance and application of new International Financial Reporting Standards

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

a. Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the following subsidiaries:

	Jurisdiction of	Ownership	Functional
	Incorporation	Interest	Currency
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			
Agricultural High Tech Developments Limited	Marshall Islands	100%	HKD
Anhui Runhai Biotechnology Joint Stock Co., Ltd. ("Runhai")	China	98.85%	RMB
Anhui Bengbu HN Stevia High Tech Development Company Limited ("Bengbu")	China	98.85%	RMB
Dongtai Runyang Stevia High Tech Company Limited ("Runyang")	China	98.85%	RMB
Qingdao Runde Biotechnology Company Limited ("Runde")	China	98.85%	RMB
GLG Life Tech US, Inc.	USA	100%	USD
Intercontinental Cannabis Corporation	Canada	100%	CAD

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

b. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments to IAS 1)
- Clarifying amendment to account for deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations (Amendments to IAS 12)

The adoption of the amendments did not have a significant impact on the consolidated interim financial statements.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	June 30, 2023	[December 31, 2022
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,656,923	\$	4,115,032
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,203,747)		(1,271,907)
	\$ 1,453,176	\$	2,843,125

The aging analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

				Past due but not impaired						
	Total	Neither past due nor impaired		<90 days		91-180 days		80 days		
June 30, 2023	\$ 1,453,176	\$	1,291,444	\$ 132,378	\$	460	\$	28,894		
December 31, 2022	\$ 2,843,125	\$	2,476,393	\$ 358,604	\$	143	\$	7,985		

The part of accounts receivable has been pledged as general collateral for certain loans from a private lender (Ms. Yuen).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. INVENTORY

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2			
Raw materials	\$ 679,529	\$	715,320		
Work in progress	692,912		547,887		
Finished goods	1,583,782		963,825		
	\$ 2,956,223	\$	2,227,032		

The Company assessed the net realizable value of inventory based on the cost of raw materials comprising the purchase price, applicable taxes and other costs incurred in bringing inventory to its present location and condition as well as the cost of finished goods including cost of materials and cost of conversion. The cost of conversion includes costs directly related to the units of production, such as direct labor, variable and fixed production overheads, based on normal operating capacity.

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company recorded an inventory recovery of \$35,412 (2022 - \$205,412).

The carrying amounts of inventory have been pledged as general collateral for the loans from the SOCMC, a bank and a private third party.

7. RESTRICTED CASH

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Restricted cash	\$ 70,042	\$ 75,260
	\$ 70,042	\$ 75,260

For the period ended June 30, 2023, the Company has \$70,042 or RMB 383,793 in restricted cash (December 31, 2022 – \$75,260 or RMB 383,391) that is held by the SOCMC due to non-payment on its short-term loan and the Company's breach of the debt settlement agreement (Note 10).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	lon exchange resin equipment		Manufacturing Buildings & CIP equipment		Leasehold & land use rights	Computer equipment & software	Motor vehicles & furniture and fixture	Bearer plants	Total
Costs									
As at December 31, 2021	\$	2,480,357 \$	17,088,614 \$	22,272,113	\$ 1,629,630	\$ 262,736	\$ 414,270	\$-\$	44,147,720
Additions		-	5,157	-	-	7,508	-	-	12,665
Disposal		-	-	-	(39,470)	-	-	-	(39,470)
Transfer		-	35,134	(35,134)	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency adjustments		(129,079)	(394,354)	(750,926)	(25,506)	(3,245)	(5,536)	-	(1,308,646)
As at December 31, 2022	\$	2,351,278 \$	16,734,551 \$	21,486,053	\$ 1,564,654	\$ 266,999	\$ 408,734	\$-\$	42,812,269
Additions		-	-	-	-	1,852	-	-	1,852
Disposal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer		-	-	(482)	-	-	-	-	(482)
Foreign currency adjustments		(556,650)	(1,706,041)	(3,232,908)	(109,996)	(13,994)	(23,874)	-	(5,643,463)
As at June 30, 2023	\$	1,794,628 \$	15,028,510 \$	18,252,663	\$ 1,454,658	\$ 254,857	\$ 384,860	\$-\$	37,170,176
Accumulated depreciation	Ś	2,480,357 \$	14,576,602 \$	8,351,558	\$ 451,437	239,574	\$ 376,864	\$ - \$	26,476,392
As at December 31, 2021	Ş	2,480,357 \$. ,	,			
Depreciation		-	202,187	1,012,602	33,623	3,007	598	-	1,252,017
Disposal		-	-	-	(30,425)	-	-	-	(30,425)
Foreign currency adjustments	4	(129,079)	(335,963)	(399,479)	(6,343)	(2,860)		-	(878,705)
As at December 31, 2022	\$	2,351,278 \$	14,442,826 \$						26,819,279
Depreciation		-	(75,225)	686,167	15,666	2,129	299	-	629,036
Disposal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency adjustments		(556,650)	(1,484,367)	(2,060,347)	(32,489)	(12,691)		-	(4,168,030)
As at June 30, 2023	\$	1,794,628 \$	12,883,234 \$	7,590,501	\$ 431,469	\$ 229,159	\$ 351,294	\$ - \$	23,280,285
Net book value									
As at December 31, 2022	\$	- \$	2,291,725 \$	12,521,372	\$ 1,116,362	\$ 27,278	\$ 36,253	\$-\$	15,992,990
As at June 30, 2023	\$	- \$	2,145,276 \$	10,662,162	\$ 1,023,189	\$ 25,698	\$ 33,566	\$ - \$	13,889,891

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment have been pledged as general collateral for the credit facilities available to the Chinese subsidiaries (Note 10).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, continued

Land use rights in China have remaining terms ranging from 35.7 to 35.8 years.

Depreciation expense is included in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statement of operations under the following categories:

	Six months e	nded Ju	une 30
	2023		2022
Cost of sales	\$ 246,236	\$	247,267
Selling, general and administrative expenses	394,645		393,351
	\$ 640,881	\$	640,618

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

				Ρ	roduction	
		Office	Land	е	quipment	Total
Cost						
As at December 31, 2021	4	91,766	44,328		305,910	842,004
Additions	1	18,418	-		-	118,418
Decrease	(49	91,766)	-		-	(491,766)
As at December 31, 2022	1	18,418	44,328		305,910	468,656
Additions		-	-		343,811	343,811
Decrease		-	-		(305,909)	(305,909)
As at June 30, 2023	1	18,418	44,328		343,812	506,558
Accumulated depreciation						
As at December 31, 2021	20	54,232	11,010		229,136	504,378
Depreciation expense		52,737	3,670		76,774	143,181
Decrease	(30	08,271)	-		-	(308,271)
As at December 31, 2022		18,698	14,680		305,910	339,288
Depreciation expense	:	18,697	1,836		34,380	54,913
Decrease		-	-		(305,909)	(305,909)
As at June 30, 2023		37,395	16,516		34,381	88,292
Net book value - December 31, 2022		99,720	29,648		-	129,368
Net book value - June 30, 2023	\$ 3	31,023	\$ 27,812	\$	309,431	\$ 418,266

The Company has entered into a five-year lease agreement for production line equipment beginning on January 1, 2023, and expiring on December 31, 2027. For the period ended June 30, 2023, the recognized right-of-use is \$343,811 (2022 – nil), the derecognized right-of-use of the expired production line equipment is \$305,909 (2022 – nil).

In 2022, the Company has entered into a three-year and 16 days lease agreement for new office premises beginning on August 16, 2022 and expiring on August 31, 2025. For the period ended June 30, 2023, the recognized right-of-use is nil (2022 – \$118,418).

In 2022, the Company has entered into a two-year and 15 days sub-lease agreement for the prior office premises beginning on July 15, 2022 and expiring on July 30, 2024. For the period ended June 30, 2023, the derecognized right-of-use is nil (2022 – \$183,495).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, continued

Lease receivable	Production								
		Office		Land	eq	uipment		Total	
As at December 31, 2021	\$		\$		\$		\$		
,	Ş		Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş	-	
Recognized in 2022		239,033		-		-		239,033	
Sublease received		(61,353)		-		-		(61,353)	
Interest income on lease receivable		13,798		-		-		13,798	
As at December 31, 2022		191,478		-		-		191,478	
Sublease received		(66,930)		-		-		(66,930)	
Interest income on lease receivable		10,465		-		-		10,465	
As at June 30, 2023		135,013		-		-		135,013	
Less: current portion		(123,973)		-		-		(123,973)	
Non-current portion as at June 30, 2023	\$	11,040	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,040	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. TERM LOANS AND INTEREST PAYABLE

The Company's term loans of \$44,480,856 (December 31, 2022 - \$48,219,274) consist of borrowings from the SOCMC and a bank in China as follows:

The following table presents the principal amount of each term loan.

	Runde-Cinda	Ru	nhai-Cinda	Rur	nyang-Xinbao	Ru	nhai-Bank	TOTAL
	(i)		(ii)		(iii)		(iv)	
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 36,379,163	\$	3,491,250	\$	8,476,560	\$	817,950	\$49,164,923
Addition								-
Repayment							(154,880)	(154,880)
FX impact	(583,525)		(56,000)		(135,964)		(15,280)	(790,769)
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$35,795,638	\$	3,435,250	\$	8,340,596	\$	647,790	\$48,219,274
Addition	-		-		-		-	-
Repayment	-		-		-		(1,946)	(1,946)
FX impact	(2,516,454)		(241,500)		(586,349)		(45,419)	(3,389,722)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$33,279,184	\$	3,193,750	\$	7,754,247	\$	600,425	\$44,827,606
Long term							346,750	346,750
Current	\$33,279,184	\$	3,193,750	\$	7,754,247	\$	253,675	\$44,480,856

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. TERM LOANS AND INTEREST PAYABLE, continued

The following table presents the interest expenses and late payment compensation of each term loan.

	Runde-Cinda	Ru	nhai-Cinda	Ru	nyang-Xinbao	Ru	nhai-Bank	TOTAL
	(i)		(ii)		(iii)		(iv)	
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$29,601,343	\$	6,726,658	\$	12,335,201	\$	1,587	\$48,664,789
Interest & late payment compensation accrued	11,509,304		1,960,686		9,823,713		41,997	23,335,700
Interest paid	-		-		-		(32,341)	(32,341)
FX impact	(314,296)		(80,553)		(60,854)		109	(455,594)
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$40,796,351	\$	8,606,791	\$	22,098,060	\$	11,352	\$71,512,554
Interest & late payment compensation accrued	4,303,167		767,833		1,410,893		18,771	6,500,664
Interest paid	-		-		-		(18,690)	(18,690)
FX impact	(3,135,572)		(652,805)		(1,641,234)		(803)	(5,430,414)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$41,963,946	\$	8,721,819	\$	21,867,719	\$	10,630	\$72,564,114

i. The Company's subsidiary Runde has numerous loans with Cinda. \$9,267,350 (RMB 50,780,000) of loans bear interest at 11.57% per annum and \$24,011,834 (RMB 131,571,696) of loans bear interest at 10.22% per annum. As at June 30, 2023, the Runde-Cinda loans are due on demand.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with Cinda for the Runde-Cinda loans. The Company was assessed a late payment compensation due to the breach of the debt restructuring agreement with Cinda. This amount was included in interest expense and interest payable.

ii. The Company's subsidiary Runhai has numerous loans with Cinda. \$3,193,750 (RMB 17,500,000) of loans are due on demand at June 30, 2023, and bear interest at 10.82% per annum.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. TERM LOANS AND INTEREST PAYABLE, continued

- iii. The Company's subsidiary Runyang has numerous loans with Cinda in the amount of \$7,754,247 (RMB 42,489,025). During the year ended December 31, 2021, these loans have been transferred to Xinbao. The Company was assessed a late payment compensation due to the breach of the debt restructuring agreement with Cinda. This amount was included in interest expense and interest payable. The loan bears interest at 9.09% per annum.
- iv. By the year ended December 31, 2022, Runhai borrowed a loan of \$647,790 (RMB 3,300,000) from a local bank. During the year ended December 31, 2022, Runhai restructured the loan with a repayment schedule over three years. The loan bears interest at 5.82% per annum and is due between February 2023 to August 2025. For the period ended June 30, 2023, the Company repaid \$1,946 (RMB 10,000).

The assets of the Company's subsidiaries including inventory, restricted cash and property, plant and equipment have been pledged as collateral for these loans (Notes 6, 7 and 8). As of the reporting date, all term loans have been in default, and Cinda and Xinbao have the right to collect all the principal, accrued interest and late payment compensation, as well as the right to take possession of the pledged assets. If lenders take possession of the pledged assets, the Company will no longer be able to continue its operations. The Company has been negotiating with Cinda and Xinbao to arrange for debt repayment plans; no consensus has been reached as of the reporting date.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. OTHER LOANS PAYABLE

The following table presents the other loans payable.

	Ms. Yuen (i)	Others (ii)	TOTAL
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 38,690,303	\$ 4,904,917	\$ 43,595,220
Addition	448,871	-	448,871
Interest expense	6,454,219	652,465	7,106,684
Repayment	(330,291)	(300,724)	(631,015)
FX impact	272,260	131,650	403,910
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 45,535,362	\$ 5,388,308	\$ 50,923,670
Addition	2,038,754	-	2,038,754
Interest expense	3,630,664	370,469	4,001,133
Repayment	(1,336,720)	-	(1,336,720)
FX impact	(2,952,531)	(239,620)	(3,192,151)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 46,915,529	\$ 5,519,157	\$ 52,434,686
Long term	1,295,324		1,295,324
Current	\$ 45,620,205	\$ 5,519,157	\$ 51,139,362

The Company has obtained loans under numerous credit facility agreements from a private lender, Ms. Yuen, in USD and RMB.

As at June 30, 2023, the unsecured loans from Ms. Yuen bear annual interest at

- i. 18% and 20% per annum, compounding quarterly,
- ii. China 10-year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points annual interest rate for loans issued in RMB, compounding quarterly,
- iii. 15% & 20% per annum, simple interest.

In June, 2023, the Company negotiated and consolidated one \$2,372,500 or RMB 13,000,000 loan facility agreement with Ms. Yuen, bearing interest at 8% per annum for 18 months. The new loan is guaranteed by the Company and pledged with its major customer's account receivables. As of June 30, 2023, the Company has withdrawn \$1,908,948 or RMB 9,809,600 of loan facility.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. OTHER LOANS PAYABLE, continued

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, \$1,336,720 in loans have been repaid towards prior loans from Ms. Yuen. As of the reporting date, the remaining \$45,090,152 loans and interest from Ms. Yuen have been in default and are due on demand. If Mrs. Yuen were to call the loans, it is highly likely that the Company would no longer be able to continue its operations.

The Company obtained numerous loans from other private lenders in USD and RMB. The USD loans from other private lenders are unsecured and due on demand with interest at 11.50% per annum, compounding quarterly; the RMB loans from other private lenders are unsecured and due on demand with interest 1) at 20% annum, compounding quarterly, and 2) at 12% to 15% annum, simple interest. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal of these loans are \$1,018,562 (December 31, 2022 – \$1,041,919).

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

12. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

a) Amount due to related parties

Amounts due to related parties are summarized as follows:

	Loan from CEO		Loan from Director	onsulting fee ayable to CEO	Total
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	9,361,947	\$ 934,028	\$ 3,250,093	\$ 13,546,068
Additions - Non cash				456,555	456,555
Interest expense		1,416,618	135,000	100,755	1,652,373
Payments			(169,028)	(467,829)	(636,857)
FX impact		693,206		226,432	919,638
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$	11,471,771	\$ 900,000	\$ 3,566,006	\$ 15,937,777
Additions - Non cash		-	-	232,444	232,444
Interest expense		844,053	66,945	52,975	963,973
Payments		-	(66,945)	(232,537)	(299,482)
FX impact		(272,209)	-	(80,963)	(353,172)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	12,043,615	\$ 900,000	\$ 3,537,925	\$ 16,481,540

i. The Company obtained loans under numerous credit facility agreements from the Company's Chairman and CEO in USD and RMB. For the loans borrowed in USD, the interest rate is US 10-year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points per annum. For the loans borrowed in RMB, the interest rate is the Chinese 10-year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points per annum, compounding quarterly. The loans from the CEO are unsecured and due on demand. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal of these loans was \$2,979,066 (December 31, 2022 - \$3,047,468).

These loans provide a repayment option to the lenders in either RMB or USD using a foreign exchange rate specified in each credit facility.

ii. The Company obtained a loan from one of its directors. The loan is secured by expected proceeds from monk fruit sales, bearing interest at 15% per annum. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding principal of the loan was \$900,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$900,000). The loan is expired as of March 31, 2023, and is under review for renewal.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

12. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES, continued

a) Amount due to related parties, continued

iii. As of June 30, 2023, the consulting fee payable to the Company's Chairman and CEO was \$3,537,925 (December 31, 2022 - \$3,566,006), which bears interest at 3% per annum compounding quarterly.

b) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Operating Officer, senior management of the Chinese subsidiaries and any external directors of the Company.

Remuneration of key management personnel of the Company is comprised of the following amounts:

	Six months ended June 30			
	2023	2022		
Short-term employee benefits (including salaries, bonuses and fees)	\$ 378,949 \$	361,721		
Share-based benefits	-	-		
Total remuneration	\$ 378,949 \$	361,721		

Certain executive officers are subject to termination benefits. Upon resignation at the Company's request or in the event of a change in control, they are entitled to termination benefits equal to 36 months of gross salary, totaling approximately \$1,828,000.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

13. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Office	Land	-	roduction quipment	Total
At December 31, 2022	\$ 290,967	\$ 38,391	\$	-	\$ 329,358
Recognized in 2023	-	-		343,811	343,811
Lease payments made	(91,407)	(4,704)		(49,075)	(145,186)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	19,770	3,407		25,046	48,223
As at June 30, 2023	 219,330	37,094		319,782	576,206
Less: current portion	(156,756)	(2,967)		(53,783)	(213,506)
Non-current portion as at June 30, 2023	\$ 62,574	\$ 34,127	\$	265,999	\$ 362,700

	Office	Land	-	roduction	Total
	Office	Land	e	quipment	 Total
At December 31, 2021	\$ 285,225	\$ 40,660	\$	89,974	\$ 415,859
Recognized in 2022	118,418	-		-	118,418
Lease payments made	(156,017)	(9,407)		(97,451)	(262,875)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	43,341	7,138		7,477	57,956
	290,967	38,391		-	329,358
Less: current portion	(149,556)	(2,713)		-	(152,269)
Non-current portion as at December 31, 2022	\$ 141,411	\$ 35,678	\$	-	\$ 177,089

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current Non-Current	\$ 213,5 362,7	
	\$ 576,2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

As at June 30, 2023, the recognized liabilities from the new production line lease is \$343,811.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. SHARE CAPITAL

Common shares

An unlimited number of common shares are authorized with no par value. The holders of common shares are entitled to one vote per share. As at June 30, 2023, there are 38,394,223 (December 31, 2022 – 38,394,223) common shares issued and outstanding with no par value.

15. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

The following table represents the share of equity attributable to the non-controlling interest:

	Ju	ne 30, 2023
January 1, 2023	\$	(1,063,324)
Non-controlling interest's share of earnings		(78,400)
Non-controlling interest's share of other comprehensive loss		83,793
June 30, 2023	\$	(1,057,931)
	Dece	mber 31, 2022
January 1, 2022	Dece \$	
January 1, 2022 Non-controlling interest's share of earnings		mber 31, 2022 (815,529) (257,709)
		(815,529)

16. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplementary cash flow information is as follows:

	•	Three month	ıs en	ded June 30	Six months	enc	led June 30
		2023		2022	2023		2022
Changes in non-cash working capital items:							
Accounts receivable	\$	69,847	\$	(852,746) \$	1,349,191	\$	(404,931)
Taxes recoverable		10,931		(18,262)	136,764		42,544
Inventory		134,684		236,324	(843,158)		839,681
Prepaid expenses		(159,854)		(220,746)	(141,491)		(320,605)
Accounts payable and accruals		493,698		627,224	750,321		333,196
Interest accruals		6,219,130		5,139,717	11,465,767		10,170,722
Deferred revenue		3,070		(65,037)	3,070		(264,886)
Due to related parties		-		(22,249)	(94)		(10,296)
Changes in non-cash working capital items	\$	6,771,506	\$	4,824,225 \$	12,720,370	\$	10,385,425
Interest paid	\$	33,368	\$	11,082 \$	85,632	\$	22,983

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

17. COST OF SALES AND EXPENSES

	Six months e	nded J	une 30
	2023		2022
Cost of sales			
Direct cost of sales	\$ 2,125,080	\$	3,399,420
Depreciation and amortization	280,616		285,654
Freight & others	112,325		144,811
Total	\$ 2,518,021	\$	3,829,885
Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses			
Direct SG&A expenses	\$ 1,655,772	\$	1,675,280
Depreciation and amortization	396,481		439,225
Total	\$ 2,052,253	\$	2,114,505
Supplementary information:			
Salaries and wages	\$ 612,558	\$	602,286

18. LOSS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		d June 30	
		2023	2022
Numerator:			
Net loss after tax	\$	(9,090,465) \$	(9,701,927)
Denominator:			
Weighted average number of shares			
outstanding - basic		38,394,223	38,394,223
Weighted average number of shares			
outstanding - diluted		38,394,223	38,394,223
Loss per share - basic	\$	(0.24) \$	(0.25)
Loss per share - diluted	\$	(0.24) \$	(0.25)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

19. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's business operates primarily through the Natural Sweeteners Products segment. The Natural Sweeteners Products segment is the manufacturing and sales of refined forms of stevia and monk fruit, which has operations in China and North America.

The Company's chief operating decision makers are the CEO, the Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer. They review the operations and performance of the Company.

Revenue to external customers by geographical location is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30		
	2023	2022		2023	2022	
China	\$ 2,139 \$	238,707	\$	8,735 \$	540,754	
North America & others	2,002,108	2,532,238		3,552,320	4,973,739	
	\$ 2,004,247 \$	2,770,945	\$	3,561,055 \$	5,514,493	

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, two customers of the Natural Sweeteners CGU represented 76% of total consolidated revenue (2022 – 60%).