

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors. The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

			September 30, 2018	0	ecember 31, 2017
ASSETS	Note				
Current Assets					
Cash		\$	5,298,311	\$	657,373
Accounts receivable	5		823,563		890,918
Sales taxes recoverable			430,266		682,506
Inventory	6		5,866,711		8,542,510
Prepaid expenses and other advances			815,975		416,023
Total Current Assets			13,234,826		11,189,330
Property, Plant, and Equipment	7		34,111,225		37,649,275
Total Assets		\$	47,346,051	\$	48,838,605
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY					
Current Liabilities					
Short-term loans	8	\$	66,544,058	\$	64,208,418
Accounts payable and accruals			17,196,112		17,373,835
Interest payable			30,696,499		27,145,356
Due to related parties	9		32,891,780		28,961,281
Liabilities on derivatives	8,9		372,384		159,047
Total Current Liabilities			147,700,833		137,847,937
Total Liabilities			147,700,833		137,847,937
EQUITY					
Shareholders' Deficiency					
Share capital	10		199,146,060		198,483,160
Contributed surplus			67,343,162		55,282,248
Accumulated other comprehensive income			9,399,970		9,194,064
Deficit			(355,799,523)		(344,526,362
Total Shareholders' Deficiency Attributable to Shareh	nolders of	GLG	(79,910,331)		(81,566,890)
Non-controlling Interest	11		(20,444,451)		(7,442,442
			(100,354,782)		(89,009,332)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficiency		\$	47,346,051	\$	48,838,605

Going Concern (Note 3)	
Commitments (Note 16)	
See Accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:	
'Paul Block "	Director
'Brian Palmieri "	Director

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive (Loss) For the Periods Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Т	hree months e	ee months ended September 30			Nine months en	dec	l September 30
		2018		2017		2018		2017
REVENUE	\$	2,496,169	\$	3,712,666	\$	12,790,577	\$	16,350,464
COST OF SALES (Note 13)		(2,448,792)		(4,012,391)		(11,370,784)		(15,466,854)
GROSS PROFIT		47,377		(299,725)		1,419,793		883,610
SELLING, GENERAL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (Note 13)		(2,319,909)		(2,491,311)		(6,909,058)		(7,169,666)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)								
Bad debt expenses		(4,493)		-		(4,493)		-
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		1,598,714		816,524		48,620		1,107,900
Interest expense		(2,627,977)		(2,220,278)		(7,821,443)		(7,618,480)
Interest income		765		1,108		1,211		2,853
Inventory impairment recovery		(3,729)		75,885		63,917		253,109
Other income (expenses)		44,307		(30,584)		200,445		(43,544)
Prepaid expenses recovery		-		=		=		19,748
		(992,413)		(1,357,345)		(7,511,743)		(6,278,414)
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(3,264,945)		(4,148,381)		(13,001,008)		(12,564,470)
LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO:								
Non-controlling interest		(783,374)		(338,138)		(1,727,847)		(432,100)
Shareholders of GLG		(2,481,571)		(3,810,243)		(11,273,161)		(12,132,370)
Loss for the period	\$	(3,264,945)	\$	(4,148,381)	\$	(13,001,008)	\$	(12,564,470)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss								
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		2,206,513		481,540		1,084,849		433,522
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest		722,656		(7,691)		878,943		(18,974)
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to shareholders of GLG		1,483,857		489,231		205,906		452,496
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR	\$	(1,058,432)	\$	(3,666,841)	\$	(11,916,159)	\$	\$ (12,130,948)
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO:								
Non-controlling interest		(60,718)		(345,829)		(848,904)		(451,074)
Shareholders of GLG		(997,714)		(3,321,012)		(11,067,255)		(11,679,874)
	\$	(1,058,432)	\$	(3,666,841)	\$	(11,916,159)	\$	(12,130,948)
NET LOSS PER SHARE								
Basic & Diluted (Note 14)	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.29)	\$	(0.33)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding								

See Accompanying Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency As at September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Common Shares	Number of Restricted Shares	Common Shares Amount	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI")	Deficit	Total GLG Shareholders' Equity	Non-controlling Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance as at December 31, 2016	36,919,487	970,849 \$	197,849,958	\$ 29,232,154	\$ 13,183,038	\$ (327,692,872) \$	(87,427,722) \$	- \$	(87,427,722)
Balance, January 1, 2017	36,919,487	970,849 \$	197,849,958	\$ 29,232,154	\$ 13,183,038	\$ (327,692,872) \$	(87,427,722) \$	- \$	(87,427,722)
Vested restricted shares	100,000	(100,000)							
Share-based compensation	, -	-	467,694	20,660	-	-	488,354	-	488,354
Reduction in investment in Subsidiaries	-	=	-	20,759,732	(1,755,013)	=	19,004,719	(3,086,815)	15,917,904
Change in foreign currency translation	_	=	_	· · ·	452,496	=	452,496	(18,974)	433,522
Net loss	-	-	-	-	, -	(12,132,370)	(12,132,370)	(432,100)	(12,564,470)
Balance as at September 30, 2017	37,019,487	870,849 \$	198,317,652	\$ 50,012,546	\$ 11,880,521	\$ (339,825,242) \$	(79,614,523) \$	(3,537,889) \$	(83,152,412)
Balance, October 1, 2017	36,919,487	970,849 \$	198,317,652	\$ 50,012,546	\$ 11,880,521	\$ (339,825,242) \$	(79,614,523) \$	- \$	(79,614,523)
Issuance of restricted shares	100,000	(100,000)	-	· · · · · -	-	-	-	- -	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	154,108	5,479	-	-	159,587	-	159,587
Reduction in investment in Subsidiaries (Note 11)	-	-	-	5,264,223	(1,894,098)	-	3,370,125	(6,691,694)	(3,321,569)
Options exercised	30,000	-	11,400	-	-	-	11,400	-	11,400
Change in foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	(792,359)	-	(792,359)	(17,535)	(809,894)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(4,701,120)	(4,701,120)	(733,213)	(5,434,333)
Balance as at December 31, 2017	37,049,487	870,849 \$	198,483,160	\$ 55,282,248	\$ 9,194,064	\$ (344,526,362) \$	(81,566,890) \$	(7,442,442) \$	(89,009,332)
Balance, January 1, 2018	37,049,487	870,849 \$	198,483,160	\$ 55,282,248	\$ 9,194,064	\$ (344,526,362) \$	(81,566,890) \$	(7,442,442) \$	(89,009,332)
Vested restricted shares	150,000	(150,000)	-	· · · · -	-	-	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	451,288	-	-	-	451,288	-	451,288
Reduction in investment in Subsidiaries (Note 11)	-	=	=	12,060,914	-	=	12,060,914	(12,153,105)	(92,191)
Options exercised	473,887	-	211,612	-	-	-	211,612	-	211,612
Change in foreign currency translation	-	-	-	-	205,906	-	205,906	878,943	1,084,849
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(11,273,161)	(11,273,161)	(1,727,847)	(13,001,008)
Balance as at September 30, 2018	37,673,374	720,849 \$	199,146,060	\$ 67,343,162	\$ 9,399,970	\$ (355,799,523) \$	(79,910,331) \$	(20,444,451) \$	(100,354,782)

See Accompanying Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	7	Three months	ended	September 30	Nine months ended September 30			
		2018		2017	2018	2017		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Net loss	\$	(3,264,945)	\$	(4,148,381)	\$ (13,001,008) \$	(12,564,470)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		, , , ,		, ,		, , , ,		
provided by operating activities:								
Share-based compensation (Note 10)		149,807		159,587	451,288	488,354		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 7)		665,442		1,367,873	2,567,117	3,731,735		
Inventory impairment		-		(75,885)	-	(253, 109)		
Prepaid expenses recovery		-		-	-	(19,748)		
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss		(1,018,846)		(344,437)	271,220	(186,097)		
Interest expenses - non current		-		353,172	-	2,030,533		
Changes in non-cash working capital items (Note 12)		3,727,951		3,098,853	10,510,739	7,648,578		
Net cash from (used in) operating activities		259,409		410,781	799,356	875,776		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Net cash used in investing activities		(32,824) (32,824)		(107,245) (107,245)	(100,788) (100,788)	(257,941 (257,941		
Net cash used in investing activities		(32,824)		(107,245)	(100,788)	(257,941)		
Cash Flow From Financing Activities								
Issuance of short-term loans		4,042,030		-	4,042,030	-		
Repayment of short-term loans		(17,991)		(76,507)	(118,333)	(76,507)		
Advances from related parties		610,792		2,089,309	911,817	2,277,476		
Repayment to related parties		(283,805)		-	(283,805)	-		
Debt restructure fees		-		-	-	(328,400)		
Interest paid		(59,379)		(55,944)	(170,937)	(169,724)		
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		4,291,648		1,956,858	4,380,773	1,702,844		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(440,884)		(984,522)	(438,403)	(1,353,798)		
Net Change In Cash		4,077,348		1,275,871	4,640,937	966,881		
Cash, beginning of the period		1,220,962		1,253,533	657,373	1,562,524		
Cash, end of the period	\$	5,298,310	\$	2,529,405	\$ 5,298,310 \$	2,529,405		

See Accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Supplemental Cash Flow Information (Note 12)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

GLG Life Tech Corporation (the "Company" or "GLG") was incorporated under the *Business Corporation Act* (British Columbia), Canada. The registered office of the Company is located at Suite 100, 10271 Shellbridge Way, Richmond, British Columbia V6X 2W8. The Company's shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "GLG".

The Company is a vertically integrated producer of high-grade stevia and monk fruit extracts. The Company's business operates primarily through the manufacturing and sales of refined forms of stevia and monk fruit, and has operations in China and North America.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 ("Interim Financial Reporting").

The notes presented in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements include only significant events and transactions occurring since the Company's last fiscal year end and they do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). As a result, these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's 2017 annual financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical costs basis. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, except when otherwise indicated.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, were authorized for issue by the Audit Committee on behalf of the Board of Directors on November 13, 2018.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. GOING CONCERN

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS accounting policies, which contemplate the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they become due. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred a net loss attributed to the company's shareholders of \$11,273,161 (2017 - \$12,132,370). As at September 30, 2018, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$355,799,523 (December 31, 2017 - \$344,526,362), working capital deficiency of \$134,466,007 (December 31, 2017 - \$126,658,607) and cash inflow from operating activities of \$799,356 (2017 – cash inflow \$875,776).

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include the adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

The Company's operating assets and primary sources of income and cash flows originate in China; the Company is therefore subject to the considerations and risks of operating in China. These include risks associated with the political and economic environment, foreign currency exchange and the legal system in China. Changes in the political and economic policies of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") government may materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations and may result in the Company's inability to sustain growth and expansion. There is also no assurance that the Company will not be adversely affected by changes in other governmental policies or any unfavorable change in the political, economic or social conditions, laws or regulations, or the rate or method of taxation in China.

The PRC economy differs from the economies of most developed countries in many respects, including the extent of government involvement, the level of development, growth rate, control of foreign exchange and allocation of resources. Although the PRC government has implemented measures emphasizing the utilization of market forces for economic reform, the reduction of state ownership of productive assets, and the establishment of improved corporate governance in business enterprises, a substantial portion of productive assets in China are still owned by the government. In addition, the PRC government continues to play a significant role in regulating industry development by imposing industrial policies. The PRC government also exercises significant control over China's economic growth by allocating resources, controlling payment of foreign currency-denominated obligations, setting monetary policy, regulating financial services and institutions and providing preferential treatment to particular industries or companies.

While the PRC economy has experienced significant growth in the past three decades, growth has been uneven, both geographically and among various sectors of the economy. The PRC government has implemented various measures to encourage economic growth and guide the allocation of resources. Some of these measures may benefit the overall PRC economy, but may also have a negative effect on the Company. The financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected by government control over capital investments or changes in tax regulations that are applicable to the Company. In addition, the PRC government has in the past implemented certain measures, including interest rate increases, to control the pace of economic growth. These measures may cause decreased economic activity, which in turn could lead to a reduction in demand for our services and consequently could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. GOING CONCERN, continued

There are also uncertainties regarding the interpretation and enforcement of PRC laws, rules and regulations. As noted above, most of the Company's operations are conducted in the PRC, and are governed by PRC laws, rules and regulations. The Company's PRC subsidiaries are subject to laws, rules and regulations applicable to foreign investment in China. The PRC legal system is a civil law system based on written statutes. Unlike the common law system, prior court decisions may be cited for reference but have limited precedential value. In 1979, the PRC government began to promulgate a comprehensive system of laws, rules and regulations governing economic matters in general. The overall effect of legislation over the past three decades has significantly enhanced the protections afforded to various forms of foreign investment in China. However, China has not developed a fully integrated legal system, and recently enacted laws, rules and regulations may not sufficiently cover all aspects of economic activities in China or may be subject to significant degrees of interpretation by PRC regulatory agencies. In particular, because these laws, rules and regulations are relatively new, and because of the limited number of published decisions and the nonbinding nature of such decisions, and because the laws, rules and regulations often give the relevant regulator significant discretion in how to enforce them, the interpretation and enforcement of these laws, rules and regulations involve uncertainties and can be inconsistent and unpredictable. In addition, the PRC legal system is based in part on government policies and internal rules, some of which are not published on a timely basis or at all, and which may be given retroactive effect. As a result, the Company may not be aware of a violation of these policies and rules until after the occurrence of the violation.

Furthermore, any administrative and court proceedings in China may be protracted, resulting in substantial costs and diversion of resources and management attention. Since the PRC administrative and court authorities have significant discretion in interpreting and implementing statutory and contractual terms, it may be more difficult to evaluate the outcome of administrative and court proceedings and the level of legal protection we enjoy than in more developed legal systems. These uncertainties may impede the Company's ability to enforce the contracts we have entered into and could materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Regarding risk associated with financial instruments generally, as of September 30, 2018, and December 31, 2017, substantially all bank loans were held by Chinese banks and state-owned capital management companies ("SOCMC"). The Company has provided its banks and SOCMCs guarantees and collateral agreements which could enable the banks and SOCMCs to exercise their rights against the Company's assets, because the Company has not made its principal or interest payments on time. Should the banks exercise their respective rights, it could have a significant impact on the Company's ownership of its assets, and ultimately, its operations. The Company has provided collateral and guarantor agreements in multiple provinces in China, of which each is subject to local provincial rules. There is additional risk that the Company may be assessed additional interest and penalties. To the best of the Company's knowledge, the banks have not taken any action on their assets to date.

The Company also relies heavily on related parties for funding and continued operations of the Company. Should the related parties not act in good faith, or decide to no longer fund the operations of the Company, there is a high risk that the operations of the Company could be significantly impacted adversely.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. GOING CONCERN, continued

Finally, in the ordinary course of business, the Company is from time to time involved in legal proceedings and litigation. Presently, there are no legal proceedings and litigations that recently have had, or to the Company's knowledge, are reasonably possible to have, a material impact on the Company's financial positions, results of operations or cash flows. The Company did not accrue any loss contingencies in this respect as of September 30, 2018, and December 31, 2017, as the Company did not consider an unfavorable outcome in any material respects in these legal proceedings and litigations to be probable.

The above matters indicate the existence of a material uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Statement of compliance and application of new International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

The unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2017. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017.

IFRS 2 - Share-Based Payments

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the new accounting standard IFRS 2. The amendments eliminate the diversity in practice in the classification and measurement of particular share-based payment transactions which are narrow in scope and address specific areas of classification and measurement. The Company has concluded that there is no significant impact resulting from the application of the new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 15 - Revenues from Contracts with Customers

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the new accounting standard IFRS 15 to all contracts using the modified retrospective approach. The Company has concluded that there is no significant impact resulting from the application of the new revenue standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Under the new revenue standard, the Company's revenue continues to be recognised when products are delivered to the customer, which is also the moment when control of the products is transferred, and when there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of loss have been transferred to the customer and the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

a) Statement of compliance and application of new International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the new accounting standard IFRS 9. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9, so the Company's accounting policy with respect to financial liabilities is unchanged.

As a result of the adoption of this standard, the Company has changed its accounting policy for financial assets retrospectively, for assets that were recognized at the date of application. The change did not impact the carrying value of any financial assets on the transition date.

The following are new accounting policies for financial assets under IFRS 9.

Financial Assets

1. Classification and measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

The classification of debt instruments is driven by the business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Debt instruments are measured at amortized cost if the business model is to hold the instrument for collection of contractual cash flows and those cash flows are solely principal and interest. If the business model is not to hold the debt instrument, it is classified as FVTPL. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. Equity instruments that are held for trading (including all equity derivative instruments) are classified as FVTPL, for other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial asset held at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Derivatives are also categorized as FVTPL unless they are designated as hedges.

ii) Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

iii) Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment. They are classified as current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date.

1. Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the loss allowance for the financial asset is measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured for the financial asset at an amount equal to twelve month expected credit losses. For trade receivables the Company applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses, which allows the use of a lifetime expected loss provision. Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized.

2. Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when they mature or are sold, and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. Gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets classified as FVTPL or amortized cost are recognized in the income statement. Gains or losses on financial assets classified as FVTOCI remain within accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company completed an assessment of its financial instruments as at January 1, 2018. The following table shows the original classification under IAS 39 and the new classification under IFRS 9:

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

	Original classification IAS 39	New classification IFRS 9
Financial assets		
Cash	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Trade receivables	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Short term loans and interest payable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Due to related parties and interest payable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Liabilities on derivatives	FVTPL	FVTPL

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivatives are recognized initially at fair value on the date the related contract is entered into. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are remeasured at their fair value. The method of recognizing any resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument and, if so, the nature of the item being hedged. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

b) New accounting standards issued but not yet effective

Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for the sale of stevia and monk fruit products in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Trade receivables are recorded net of lifetime expected credit losses.

IFRS 16 - Leases

On January 13, 2016, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 16 Leases. The new standard will replace IAS 17 Leases and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases for a lessee. Instead, all leases are treated in a similar way to finance leases applying IAS 17. IFRS 16 does not require a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for short-term leases (i.e. leases of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets. The Company is evaluating the effect of this standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

IFRIC 23 – Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments

This standard clarifies how to apply the recognition and measurement requirements in IAS 12 when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. It is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The aging analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

		Past due	but not impaired		
	Total	nor impaired	<90 days	91-180 days	>180 days
September 30, 2018	\$ 823,563 \$	482,611	\$ 340,952 \$	- \$	-
December 31, 2017	\$ 890,918 \$	688,503	\$ 202,415 \$	- \$	-

6. INVENTORY

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Raw material	\$ 803,979	\$ 3,011,141
Work in progress	1,595,498	2,626,662
Finished goods	3,467,234	2,904,707
	\$ 5,866,711	\$ 8,542,510

The Company assessed the net realizable value of inventory based on the following: the cost of raw materials is comprised of the purchase price, applicable taxes and other costs incurred in bringing inventory to its present location and condition; the cost of finished goods includes cost of materials and cost of conversion; the cost of conversion includes costs directly related to the units of production, such as direct labor, and fixed and variable production overheads, based on normal operating capacity.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company recorded an inventory impairment recovery of \$63,917 (2017 - \$253,109). For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, raw materials, changes in work in progress and finished goods included in cost of sales amounted to \$7,341,896 (2017 - \$11,772,739).

The carrying amounts of inventory have been pledged as general collateral for the line of credit facilities available to the Company's Chinese subsidiary.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		exchange resin	Manufacturing equipment	c	Buildings & onstruction in progress	Leasehold & land use rights		Computer equipment & software	Motor vehicles & furniture and fixture	Be	earer plants	Total
Costs												
As at December 31, 2016	\$	2,218,237	\$ 25,491,182	\$	43,611,002	\$ 5,609,562	\$	486,311	\$ 623,277	\$	276,050 \$	78,315,62
Additions		-	90,747		-	-		1,660	-		-	92,40
Impairment		-	-		-	(953,666)		-	-		-	(953,66
Foreign currency adjustments		(8,138)	(41,325)	(14,266)	(9,662)		(451)	(582)		(26,298)	(100,72
As at December 31, 2017	\$	2,210,099	\$ 25,540,604	\$	43,596,736	\$ 4,646,234	\$	487,520	\$ 622,695	\$	249,752 \$	77,353,64
Additions		-	135,027		1,609	56,082		4,278	-		-	196,99
Foreign currency adjustments		(177,483)	(848,178)	(1,250,241)	(105,134)		(9,945)	(12,701)		(5,700)	(2,409,38
As at September 30, 2018	\$	2,032,616	\$ 24,827,453	\$	42,348,104	\$ 4,597,182	\$	481,853	\$ 609,994	\$	244,052 \$	75,141,25
Accumulated depreciation												
As at December 31 2016	¢	1 552 916	17 / 198 516	Ċ	15 304 316	\$ 912.609	¢	277 277	\$ 491.250	¢	126.042 \$	36 248 92
As at December 31, 2016	\$	1,553,816	· · ·		15,304,316 1 558 435	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	- /-	\$ 491,250	\$	126,042 \$ 49.750	36,248,92 3 644 88
Amortization	\$	1,553,816 230,352	\$ 17,488,516 1,649,947		15,304,316 1,558,435	112,630		372,377 22,704	\$ 491,250 21,071	\$	126,042 \$ 49,750	3,644,88
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		· · ·		, ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	· · · · · ·	\$		
Amortization Impairment	\$	230,352	1,649,947 - (14,581		1,558,435	112,630 (159,525) (1,159)		22,704	21,071 - (409)	•	49,750	3,644,88 (159,52
Amortization Impairment Foreign currency adjustments	·	230,352	1,649,947 - (14,581) \$	1,558,435 - (11,333)	112,630 (159,525) (1,159)		22,704 - (293)	21,071 - (409)	•	49,750 - 97	3,644,88 (159,52 (29,92
Amortization Impairment Foreign currency adjustments As at December 31, 2017	·	230,352 - (2,247) 1,781,921	1,649,947 - - (14,581 \$ 19,123,882) \$	1,558,435 - (11,333) 16,851,418	112,630 (159,525) (1,159) \$ 864,555		22,704 - (293) 394,788	21,071 - (409) \$ 511,912	•	49,750 - 97 175,889 \$	3,644,88 (159,52 (29,92 39,704,36
Amortization Impairment Foreign currency adjustments As at December 31, 2017 Amortization	·	230,352 - (2,247) 1,781,921 175,081	1,649,947 - (14,581 \$ 19,123,882 1,140,485 (786,338) \$	1,558,435 - (11,333) 16,851,418 1,554,765	112,630 (159,525) (1,159) \$ 864,555 77,810 (22,808)	\$	22,704 - (293) 394,788 14,490	21,071 - (409) \$ 511,912 14,425 (10,993)	\$	49,750 - 97 175,889 \$ 38,295	3,644,88 (159,52 (29,92 39,704,36 3,015,35
Amortization Impairment Foreign currency adjustments As at December 31, 2017 Amortization Foreign currency adjustments	\$	230,352 - (2,247) 1,781,921 175,081 (115,803)	1,649,947 - (14,581 \$ 19,123,882 1,140,485 (786,338) \$	1,558,435 - (11,333) 16,851,418 1,554,765 (714,104)	112,630 (159,525) (1,159) \$ 864,555 77,810 (22,808)	\$	22,704 - (293) 394,788 14,490 (8,497)	21,071 - (409) \$ 511,912 14,425 (10,993)	\$	49,750 - 97 175,889 \$ 38,295 (31,145)	3,644,88 (159,52 (29,92 39,704,36 3,015,35 (1,689,68
Amortization Impairment Foreign currency adjustments As at December 31, 2017 Amortization Foreign currency adjustments As at September 30, 2018	\$	230,352 - (2,247) 1,781,921 175,081 (115,803)	1,649,947 - (14,581 \$ 19,123,882 1,140,485 (786,338 \$ 19,478,029) \$) \$	1,558,435 - (11,333) 16,851,418 1,554,765 (714,104)	112,630 (159,525) (1,159) \$ 864,555 77,810 (22,808) \$ 919,557	\$	22,704 - (293) 394,788 14,490 (8,497)	21,071 - (409) \$ 511,912 14,425 (10,993) \$ 515,345	\$	49,750 - 97 175,889 \$ 38,295 (31,145)	3,644,88 (159,52 (29,92 39,704,36 3,015,35 (1,689,68

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, continued

Land use rights in China have remaining terms ranging from 40.50 to 40.75 years.

Amortization expense is included in the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statement of operations under the following categories:

	Three months	ended September 3	Nine months ended S	eptember 30
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Cost of sales	\$ 329,909	\$ 997,769	\$ 1,411,066 \$	2,568,542
Selling, general and administrative expenses	335,533	370,104	1,156,051	1,163,193
	\$ 665,442	\$ 1,367,873	3 \$ 2,567,117 \$	3,731,735

Amortization expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, consisted of \$3,015,351 relating to current period amortization on property, plant and equipment and \$448,234 relating to amortization capitalized into inventory during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

8. SHORT-TERM LOANS

The Company's short-term loans consisted of borrowings from various banks in China of \$61,686,970 (December 31, 2017 - \$63,243,322), a zero-interest loan from a major customer (Archer Daniels Midland Company or "ADM") of \$3,861,220 (2017 - \$nil), and loans from private lenders of \$995,868 (2017 - \$965,096) as follows:

	September 30, 2018	De	cember 31, 2017
Bank Loan	\$ 61,686,970	\$	63,243,322
Loan From Major Customer	3,861,220		-
Loan From Private Lender	995,868		965,096
Total	\$ 66,544,058	\$	64,208,418

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. SHORT-TERM LOANS, continued

Bank loans as at September 30, 2018:

Lo	an amount in	Loan amount in		Interest rate	
	CAD	RMB	Maturity Date	per annum	Lender
\$	565,200	3,000,000	On Demand	7.71%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	5,275,200.00	28,000,000	On Demand	7.71%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	1,884,000.00	10,000,000	On Demand	7.13%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	1,842,552.00	9,780,000	On Demand	7.13%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	9,716,107.44	51,571,696	On Demand	6.48%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	15,072,000.00	80,000,000	On Demand	6.48%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	14,918,417.88	79,184,808	On Demand	11.97%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	3,288,988.63	17,457,477	On Demand	8.83%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	8,011.37	42,523	On Demand	8.83%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	1,111,560.00	5,900,000	On Demand	5.82%	Huishang Bank
	5,652,000.00	30,000,000	On Demand	9.09%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	2,352,932.22	12,489,025	On Demand	9.09%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
\$	61,686,970	327,425,528			

Short-term

Bank loans as at December 31, 2017:

Loa	Loan amount in Loan amount			Interest rate	
CAD in RMB		in RMB	Maturity Date	per annum	Lender
\$	578,400	3,000,000	On Demand	7.71%	China Hua Rong Assets Management Shandong Branch
	5,398,400	28,000,000	On Demand	7.71%	China Hua Rong Assets Management Shandong Branch
	1,928,000	10,000,000	On Demand	7.13%	China Hua Rong Assets Management Shandong Branch
	1,885,584	9,780,000	On Demand	7.13%	China Hua Rong Assets Management Shandong Branch
	9,943,023	51,571,696	On Demand	6.48%	China Hua Rong Assets Management Shandong Branch
	15,424,000	80,000,000	On Demand	6.48%	China Hua Rong Assets Management Shandong Branch
	15,266,831	79,184,808	On Demand	11.97%	Bank of Communication
	3,365,802	17,457,477	On Demand	8.83%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	8,198	42,523	On Demand	8.83%	China Cinda Assets Management Anhui Branch
	1,253,200	6,500,000	July 28, 2017	5.82%	Huishang Bank
	5,784,000	30,000,000	On Demand	9.09%	China Cinda Assets Management Jiangsu Branch
	2,407,884	12,489,025	On Demand	9.09%	China Cinda Assets Management Jiangsu Branch
\$	63,243,322	328,025,528	•		

Short-term

The Company has been working with its Chinese banks and SOCMCs on restructuring its debt during the quarter ended September 30, 2018.

Short-term borrowing from major customers:

In the third quarter of 2018, ADM issued a zero-interest RMB-denominated loan to the Company to facilitate the purchase of raw materials for its stevia extracts. The loan principal amount as of September 30, 2018, is \$3,861,220 (20,494,800 RMB) (2017 - \$nil). Loan principal repayments are tied to the timing and amounts of those raw materials that are used in production.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. SHORT-TERM LOANS, continued

	Loa	n amount in	Loan amount in	Date of the Loan		Interest rate per	_
		CAD	RMB	Agreement	Maturity Date	annum	Lender
Principal amounts	\$	3,861,220	20,494,800	September 6, 2018	September 6, 2019	0.00%	Archer Daniels Midland Company
	\$	3,861,220	20,494,800				

Short-term borrowing from private lenders:

December 31, 2016	\$ 2,251,080
Additions	-
Converted into non-controlling interest (note 11)	(1,248,660)
Foreign currency translation	(37,324)
December 31, 2017	\$ 965,096
Additions	
Foreign currency translation	30,772
September 30, 2018	\$ 995,868

Short-term borrowing from private lenders consists of two loans.

The first loan principal amount as of September 30, 2018, is \$995,868 (2017 - \$965,096) and bears interest at 11.50% per annum, compounding quarterly. The loan is due on demand and does not have any attached covenants.

The second loan principal amount as of September 30, 2018, is \$nil (2017 - \$nil) and bears interest at 20% per annum, compounding quarterly. During 2017, the principal on the second loan was converted into equity interest in Runhai, the Company's Chinese subsidiary (see Note 11). The interest payable on the loan remains due on demand and does not have any attached covenants.

This interest payable provides a repayment option to the lender in either RMB or USD using a fixed foreign exchange rate of 6.1234 RMB/USD. This option results in a liability of \$13,071 (2017 - \$6,509), which is accounted as liabilities on derivatives and included in unrealized foreign exchange losses. The fair value of the liability on derivatives was calculated using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions:

Risk free interest	2.09%
Expected life of the loan	1 year
Expected foreign currency volalitity	3.07%

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

a) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any external director of the Company.

Remuneration of key management of the Company is comprised of the following expenses:

	Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 3			September 30
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Short-term employee benefits (including salaries,								_
bonuses, fees and social security benefits)	\$	215,238	\$	209,254	\$	641,738	\$	646,307
Share-based benefits	\$	147,025	\$	156,405	\$	443,348	\$	478,474
Total remuneration	\$	362,263	\$	365,659	\$	1,085,086	\$	1,124,781

Certain executive officers are subject to termination benefits. Upon resignation at the Company's request or in the event of a change in control, they are entitled to termination benefits ranging from 24 to 36 months of gross salary, totaling approximately \$1,856,000.

Key management exercised 154,000 stock options granted under the Company's stock option plan in the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

b) Amount due to related parties

The amounts due to related parties are shown in the following table:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
CEO Loan	\$ 29,328,313	\$ 25,546,590
CEO Consulting Fee	2,563,467	2,376,883
Other Related Party Loan	1,000,000	1,037,808
Total	\$ 32,891,780	\$ 28,961,281

- i) As of September 30, 2018, the Company has accrued \$2,563,467 (2017 \$2,376,883) including 3% interest per annum in consulting fees to the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.
- ii) The Company has obtained loans under numerous credit facility agreements from the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"). As at September 30, 2018, the total amount owed to the CEO under these facilities, including principal and accumulated interest, is \$6,384,093 (2017 \$5,586,969). As at September 30, 2018, the entire balance owed is due within 12 months and is therefore classified as current on the statement of financial position.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES, continued

b) Amount due to related parties, continued

The Company has also obtained loans under numerous credit facility agreements from a direct family member of the CEO. As at September 30, 2018, the total amount owed under these facilities, including principal and accumulated interest is \$22,944,220 (2017 - \$19,959,621). As at September 30, 2018, the entire balance owed is due within 12 months and is therefore classified as current on the statement of financial position.

During fiscal 2017, there was a debt settlement of which \$14,723,107, which related to loans made by the CEO and the direct family member, as outlined in Note 11.

The combined total of the above loans still outstanding, including the accrued interest, is \$29,328,313 (2017 - \$25,546,590) in current liabilities. These loans will be repaid by either GLG or its Chinese subsidiary to the lender in the currency the loans were originally borrowed (either USD or RMB), or, at the lender's discretion, in the alternate currency, depending on the terms of the specific credit facility. The terms of each individual loan are disclosed in the table below.

These loans provide a repayment option to the lenders in either RMB or USD using a fixed foreign exchange rate specified in each credit facility. This option results in a liability of \$359,313 (2017 - \$152,538), which is accounted as liabilities on derivatives and unrealized foreign exchange losses. The assumptions for the fair value determination of the liability are the same as those outlined in Note 8.

Loan balance as of September 30, 2018

Loa	an amount in CAD	Date of the Loan Agreement	Maturity Date Security		Interest rate per annum	Related Parties	
\$	647,315	April 27, 2012	On demand	Unsecured	Category 1	Chairman and CEO	
	1,294,500	October 11, 2012	October 11, 2018	Unsecured	Category 1	Chairman and CEO	
	647,250	May 30, 2013	On demand	Unsecured	Category 1	Chairman and CEO	
	323,625	November 15, 2013	November 15, 2018	Unsecured	Category 1	Chairman and CEO	
	893,205	October 20, 2014	On demand	Unsecured	Category 2	Direct family member of CEO	
	187,703	May 23, 2017	On demand	Unsecured	Category 2	Direct family member of CEO	
	4,179,474	August 28, 2017	On demand	Unsecured	Category 3	Direct family member of CEO	
	335,078	August 7, 2018	August 7, 2019	Unsecured	Category 2	Direct family member of CEO	

Principal amounts \$ 8,508,150
Accrued interest \$ 20,820,163 \$ 29,328,313

Category 1: US 10 year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points annual interest rate for loans issued in USD or

China 10 year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points annual interest rate for loans issued in RMB, compounding quarterly Category 2: 20% annual interest rate, compounding quarterly

Category 3: 18% annual interest rate, compounding quarterly

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES, continued

b) Amount due to related parties, continued

Loan balance as of December 31, 2017

Loa	n Amount in	Date of the Loan	Maturity Data	C	Interest Rate per	Dalata d Dantina
CAD		Agreement	Maturity Date	Security	annum	Related Parties
\$	627,313	April 27, 2012	April 27, 2018	Unsecured	Category 2	Chairman and CEO
	1,254,500	October 11, 2012	October 11, 2018	Unsecured	Category 2	Chairman and CEO
	627,250	May 30, 2013	May 30, 2018	Unsecured	Category 2	Chairman and CEO
	313,625	November 15, 2013	November 15, 2018	Unsecured	Category 2	Chairman and CEO
	865,605	October 20, 2014	On demand	Unsecured	Category 3	Direct family member of CEO
	181,903	May 23, 2017	On demand	Unsecured	Category 3	Direct family member of CEO
	3,855,775	August 28, 2017	April 30, 2018	Unsecured	Category 4	Direct family member of CEO
\$	7,725,971					

Principal amounts \$ 7,725,971
Accrued interest \$ 17,820,619
\$ 25,546,590

Category 1: China 10 year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points annual interest rate, compounding quarterly

Category 2: US 10 year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points annual interest rate for loans issued in USD or

China 10 year benchmark government bond rate plus 1100 basis points annual interest rate for loans issued in RMB, coumpounding quarterly Category 3: 20% annual interest rate, compounding quarterly

Category 4: 18% annual interest rate, compounding quarterly

iii) As of September 30, 2018, the Company has a loan of \$1,000,000 (2017 - \$1,000,000) from a Director of the Company to provide working capital required for monk fruit extracts. The loan is secured by expected proceeds from monk fruit sales, bearing interest at 15% per annum and repayable in full within twenty-four months of the disbursement date. As of September 30, 2018, the total amount due to this related party including interest was \$1,000,000 (2017 - \$1,037,808) and is classified under current liabilities.

Loan balance as of September 30, 2018

•	Loan Amount in		oan Amount in Date of the Loan		Interest rate per				
		CAD	Agreement	Maturity Date	annum	Related Parties			
Principal amounts	\$	1,000,000	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2019	15.00%	Director			
Accrued interest	\$	-							
	\$	1,000,000							

Loan balance as of December 31, 2017

	Loan amount in		Date of the Loan	Interest rate per					
		CAD	Agreement	Maturity Date	annum	Related Parties			
Principal amounts	\$	1,000,000	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2018	15.00%	Director			
Accrued interest	\$	37,808							
	\$	1,037,808							

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES, continued

c) Subsidiaries

The following are the subsidiaries of the Company:

		Ownership Interest		
	Jurisdiction of Incorporation	2018	2017	Functional Currency
<u>Subsidiaries</u>				
Agricultural High Tech Developments Limited	Marshall Islands	100%	100%	HKD
Anhui Runhai Biotechnology Joint Stock Co., Ltd.	China	67.08%	100%	RMB
GLG Life Tech US, Inc.	USA	100%	100%	USD

10. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Common shares

In 2017, share capital increased by \$11,400 as a result of the exercise of 30,000 stock options. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, share capital increased by \$211,612 as a result of the exercise of 473,887 stock options. An unlimited number of common shares are authorized with no par value. The holders of common shares are entitled to one vote per share. As at September 30, 2018, there are 38,394,223 common shares issued and outstanding with no par value.

b) Share-based payments

i) Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation to employees is measured at fair value. Fair value is determined using the Company's common share price, and the Black-Scholes option pricing model ("Black-Scholes model").

The Company is subject to the policies of the TSX, under which it is authorized to grant options and restricted shares to officers, directors, employees and consultants enabling them to purchase common stock of the Company. The Company has a stock option and restricted share plan (the "Plan") amended and effective from May 16, 2008. The Plan is administered by the Board of Directors, which determines individual eligibility under the plan.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. SHARE CAPITAL, continued

b) Share-based payments, continued

ii) Stock options

Under the Plan, options granted are non-assignable and the number of common shares available for issue is a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company, inclusive of any restricted shares granted under the Plan. The maximum term of an option is five years after the date of grant. The exercise price may not be less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the last business day immediately preceding the date of grant options, and options have a vesting period from 1 year to 3 years.

Under the Plan, restricted shares granted are non-assignable and the number of common shares available for issue is a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares in the Company inclusive of any stock options granted under the Plan. Holders of restricted shares are entitled to voting rights and dividends. The maximum vesting period for restricted shares is five years from the date of grant unless otherwise approved by the Board of Directors. Restricted shares are issued to certain employees and may have certain performance criteria, which are based on production and financial targets.

The Company recorded share-based payments in the amount of \$nil (2017 - \$26,139), which all related to stock options granted in previous years.

A continuity of stock options is as follow:

	Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance as at December 31, 2016	3,094,222	\$ 0.64
Granted	-	-
Exercised	(30,000)	0.38
Expired/cancelled/forfeited	(4,000)	0.40
Balance as at December 31, 2017	3,060,222	\$ 0.65
Granted	-	-
Exercised	(473,887)	0.53
Expired/cancelled/forfeited	(1,558,935)	0.82
Balance as at September 30, 2018	1,027,400	\$ 0.43

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. SHARE CAPITAL, continued

b) Share-based payments, continued

ii) Stock options, continued

The following summarizes information about the stock options outstanding and exercisable at September 30, 2018:

Exercise price	Number outstanding at September 30, 2018	Number exercisable at September 30, 2018	Remaining contractual life (years)	Expiry Date
\$0.55	310,400	310,400	0.55	April 20, 2019
\$0.56	15,000	15,000	0.62	May 14, 2019
\$0.38	702,000	702,000	1.43	March 6, 2020
	1,027,400	1,027,400		

iii) Restricted shares

The Company recorded share-based payments in the amount of \$451,288 (2017 - \$621,802), which all related to restricted shares granted in previous years. Those were valued using the stock price at the date of issue, recognized over the vesting period of the restricted shares.

A continuity of Restricted Shares is as follows:

	Restricted Shares
Balance as at December 31, 2016	970,849
Granted	-
Exercised	-
Vested	(100,000)
Expired/cancelled/forfeited	-
Balance as at December 31, 2017	870,849
Granted	-
Exercised	-
Vested	(150,000)
Expired/cancelled/forfeited	-
Balance as at September 30, 2018	720,849

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. SHARE CAPITAL, continued

b) Share-based payments, continued

iii) Restricted shares, continued

The vesting periods for restricted shares into unrestricted common shares as at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Number of restricted shares as at September 30, 2018	Vesting period (years)	Performance based
520,849	-	Yes
200,000	-	Yes
720,849	1.93	

11. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

During 2017, the Company disposed of 32.92% of its ownership in Runhai to its related parties in order to settle \$15,971,767 (RMB 80,584,090) in related party loans. Accordingly, the Company de-recognized the derivative liabilities related to this portion of the loans totaling \$274,538. The related party loans were converted to a 32.92% ownership share in Runhai. The reduction in the Company's ownership interest in Runhai did not result in a loss of control and was recorded as equity transactions. In connection with the recognition of non-controlling interest, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of foreign exchange translation differences recognized in other comprehensive income totaling \$3,649,111 was reattributed to the non-controlling interest in Runhai. In addition, the Company incurred transaction costs totaling \$563,154 and this amount was deducted from equity. The carrying amount of non-controlling interests was adjusted to reflect the change in the non-controlling interests' relative interests in the subsidiary and the difference between the adjustment to the carrying amount of non-controlling interests and the Company's share of proceeds received and/or consideration paid is recognized directly in equity and attributed to shareholders of the Company.

On June 1, 2018, the Company transferred its ownership interest in its Qingdao Runde Biotechnology Company, Ltd. ("Runde") subsidiary to its Anhui Runhai Biotechnology Joint Stock Company, Ltd. ("Runhai"). As the Company has a 67.08% interest in Runhai, with 32.92% held by a related party, the effect of this transfer was a disposition of 32.92% of its ownership interest in Runde. The reduction in the Company's ownership interest in Runhai did not result in a loss of control and was recorded as equity transactions. As a result of this transaction, all previous China subsidiaries are solely owned by Runhai and the Company owns 67.08% of Runhai.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST, continued

The following table represents the equity attributable to the non-controlling interest:

	Sept	ember 30, 2018
Beginning balance	\$	(7,442,442)
Ownership interest transferred to non-controlling interest		(12,153,105)
Non-controlling interest's share of loss		(1,727,847)
Non-controlling interest's share of other comprehensive loss		878,943
Ending balance	\$	(20,444,451)

The following table presents the non-controlling interest as at September 30, 2018, and 2017:

	Sept	tember 30, 2018	Dec	cember 31, 2017
Non-controlling interest percentage		32.92%		32.92%
ASSETS				_
Current	\$	9,295,270	\$	4,537,424
Non-current	\$	34,059,003		35,539,370
	\$	43,354,273	\$	40,076,794
LIABILITIES				_
Current	\$	105,457,709	\$	61,368,163
Non-current	\$	-	\$	
	\$	105,457,709	\$	61,368,163
Net liabilities	\$	(62,103,436)	\$	(21,291,369)
Non-controlling interest	\$	(20,444,451)	\$	(7,442,442)

The following table presents the loss and comprehensive income attributable to the non-controlling interest for the period ended September 30, 2018 and year ended December 31, 2017:

	Nine months ended September 30					
	2018		2017			
Loss for the period	\$ (1,727,847)	\$	(432,100)			
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	878,943		(18,974)			
Comprehensive income (loss) for the period	\$ (848,904)	\$	(451,074)			

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

12. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary cash flow information is as follows:

	7	Three months ended September 30			Nine month ended Septem		
		2018		2017	2018		2017
Accounts receivable	\$	1,686,702	\$	761,251	\$ 66,643	\$	1,200,090
Taxes recoverable		18,764		71,729	260,070		363,733
Inventory		847,159		13,918	2,694,044		797,191
Prepaid expenses		(388,471)		21,301	(434,975)		313,753
Accounts payable and accruals		(897,776)		1,368,859	194,282		849,658
Interest payable		1,371,196		873,607	4,368,720		3,816,197
Deferred revenue		-		-	-		(302,827)
Due to related party (current)		1,090,377		(11,812)	3,361,955		610,783
Changes in non-cash working capital items	\$	3,727,951	\$	3,098,853	\$ 10,510,739	\$	7,648,578
Interest paid	\$	59,379	\$	55,944	\$ 170,937	\$	169,724

13. COST OF SALES AND EXPENSES

	Three months	ended Septembe	r 30 Nine months e	nded September 30
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Cost of sales				
Direct cost of sales	\$2,079,770	\$ 2,771,2	72 \$ 9,407,722	\$ 11,949,269
Depreciation and amortization	329,909	997,7	, - ,	2,568,542
Freight & others	39,113	243,3		949,044
Total	\$2,448,792	\$ 4,012,3	91 \$ 11,370,784	\$ 15,466,854
Selling, general and administrative expenses				
Direct expenses	\$1,984,376	\$ 2,121,2	07 \$ 5,753,007	\$ 6,006,473
Depreciation and amortization	335,533	370,1	04 1,156,051	1,163,193
Total	\$2,319,909	\$ 2,491,3	11 \$ 6,909,058	\$ 7,169,666
Supplementary information:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 596,682	\$ 623,9	52 \$ 1,924,955	\$ 1,862,176

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. LOSS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share for share for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Thr	Three months ended September 30				e Months ended	d September 30		
		2018		2017		2018	2017		
Numerator:									
Net Loss after tax	\$	(2,481,571)	\$	(3,810,243)	\$	(11,273,161) \$	(12,132,370)		
Denominator:									
Weighted average number of sha	res								
outstanding - basic		38,394,223		37,890,336		38,394,223	37,890,336		
Weighted average number of share	res								
outstanding - diluted		38,394,223		37,890,336	6 38,394,223		37,890,336		
Loss per share - basic	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.11)	\$ (0.29) \$		(0.33)		
					·				
Loss per share - diluted	\$	(0.06)	\$	(0.11)	\$	(0.29) \$	(0.33)		

The total number of anti-dilutive options excluded from the calculation for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was 1,027,400 (2017 - 3,090,222).

15. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's business operates primarily through the Natural Sweeteners Products segment.

The Natural Sweeteners Products segment is the manufacturing and sales of refined forms of stevia and monk fruit, which has operations in China and North America.

The Company's chief operating decision makers are the CEO and CFO. They review the operations and performance of the Company.

Revenue to external customers by geographical location is as follows:

	Th	Three months ended September 30			line months ended	September 30
		2018	2017		2018	2017
China	\$	260,398 \$	240,621	\$	1,024,340 \$	1,074,991
North America		2,235,771	3,472,045		11,766,237	15,275,473
	\$	2,496,169 \$	3,712,666	\$	12,790,577 \$	16,350,464

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, two customers (2017 – one customer) of the Natural Sweeteners CGU represented 76% (2017 – 75%) of total consolidated revenue.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

16. COMMITMENTS

The Company renewed one five-year operating lease with respect to production equipment at the Qingdao Runde factory in China. The lease expires on December 31, 2021. The annual minimum lease payment is approximately \$94,000 (RMB 500,000).

The Company signed a twenty-year land rental agreement in Qingdao. The agreement was signed on February 16, 2005, and expires on February 16, 2025. Currently, the Company is in the third five-year period of that agreement with rent expense of approximately \$2,570 (RMB 13,642) per year. In the fourth five-year period, the rent expense is approximately \$3,002 (RMB 15,934) per year.

With the same vendor the Company also signed another rental agreement for the adjacent land from November 8, 2006, to November 7, 2036. The annual rental expense is approximately \$5,384 (RMB 28,576).

The Company's current office premises are leased under an eight-year agreement beginning August 1, 2016, and will expire on July 31, 2024. The nine-month lease payments ended September 30, 2018, total \$131,980 (2017 – \$130,035).

The minimum cash payments related to the above	Amount
2018	\$ 63,464
2019	229,994
2020	229,994
Thereafter	671,424
Total	\$ 1,194,876